

STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM		
Name of the module/subject Water supply		Code 1010134251010100902
Field of study Environmental Engineering Extramural First-	Profile of study (general academic, practical) (brak)	Year /Semester 3 / 5
Elective path/specialty -	Subject offered in: Polish	Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory
Cycle of study: First-cycle studies	Form of study (full-time, part-time) part-time	
No. of hours Lecture: 20 Classes: 10 Laboratory: - Project/seminars: 10		No. of credits 5
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (brak)		(university-wide, from another field) (brak)
Education areas and fields of science and art technical sciences		ECTS distribution (number and %) 5 100%
Responsible for subject / lecturer: dr inż. Agnieszka Szuster-Janiaczyk email: agnieszka.szuster-janiaczyk@put.poznan.pl tel. (61) 6652436 Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering ul. Berdychowo 4 60-965 Poznań		
Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:		
1	Knowledge	Fluid mechanics: knowledge of physical quantities characterising liquids; units; the basic notions and principles describing the flow of water in conduits; knowledge of the methods used to measure such quantities. Knowledge of equations describing the phenomena;
2	Skills	Determining extreme values of functions. Solving problems with hydraulic calculations for pipelines connected with reservoirs and pumps; solving algebraic, linear and non-linear equations and systems of equations; measurements of hydraulic parameters; selection of
3	Social competencies	Conveying the basic knowledge and skills in planning, designing and operation of process equipment and technological operations associated with water abstraction, storage and transport from the intakes to water treatment plants and from water treatment plants to service lines supplying household water distribution systems.
Assumptions and objectives of the course: Conveying the basic knowledge and skills in planning, designing and operation of process equipment and technological operations associated with water abstraction, storage and transport from the intakes to water treatment plants and from water treatment plants to service lines supplying household water distribution systems.		
Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study		
Knowledge:		
1. The student has knowledge about the structure of systems for water abstraction and transport to water distribution and supply systems. The student knows the functions, types and properties of the equipment making up process assemblies in the systems. - [K_W02, K_W05]		
2. The student knows the functions, types and characteristics of the devices in the technological systems - [K_W02, K_W05, K]		
3. The student knows the basic techniques and tools necessary to solve engineering problems in the scope of structure and maintenance of equipment employed in water abstraction and distribution systems. - [KW_05, K_W06, K_W07]		
4. The student knows the principles of designing vertical wells, including pump and siphon systems transporting water from vertical wells to the water treatment plants, the rules of selecting and dimensioning equipment for the system. - [K_W05, K_W06, K_W07]		
5. The student knows the methods of programming development, designing and operating water supply systems and equipment items of which such systems are composed. - [K_W05, K_W06, K_W07]		
6. The students know the standards characterising the level of services and the equipment maintenance standards. - [K_W06, K_W08, K_W08]		
7. The student knows consecutive stages in the process of planning, designing and building water systems and the requirements applicable to the necessary design documentation. - [K_W06, K_W08]		
8. The student knows technologies involved in the construction of water supply networks, including the open-cut and trenchless methods of pipe laying. The rules of tightness testing and final acceptance - [K_W05, K_W07]		

Skills:
<p>1. The student can identify the properties, analyse the operating conditions and assess the technical condition of the technological systems used for water abstraction. - [K_U01,KU_08, KU_11,KU_13]</p> <p>2. The student can formulate and solve problems involving selection and dimensioning of the system components during the process of planning, designing, building, renovating and maintaining the systems - [K_U01,K_U07, K_U09,KU_1K_U13,KU_1KU_15]</p> <p>3. The student can plan and carry out experiments, including simulations of the operating conditions of pipelines transporting water from water intakes and in water supply networks, including their interaction with other components of the water supply systems. - [KU_07,K_U08K_U09,K_U13]</p> <p>4. The student can formulate and solve engineering problems, taking into account the system aspects and the economic and legal factors of planning, designing and maintaining equipment. - [K_U10,K_U12,K_U14]</p>
Social competencies:
<p>1. The student understands the need for teamwork in the solving of theoretical and practical problems. - [K_K03, K_K04]</p> <p>2. The student is aware of the significance of problems associated with water management optimization - [K_K02]</p> <p>3. The student can identify the social and political factors which may have an impact on the decisions made in the process of water supply systems management. - [K_K01,K_06K_K07]</p> <p>4. The student recognizes the need for systematic enhancement of knowledge and development of competences and skills. - [K_K01, K_K06]</p>

Assessment methods of study outcomes	
<p>Lecture: A two-part written final exam: part 1 - checking the knowledge (questions and test); part 2 ? checking the skills (2 problems), continuous evaluation during each lecture (rewarding activity).</p> <p>Project classes: points awarded for timely solving of tasks in particular stages of the project, evaluation of the report and answers to questions checking individual involvement n the project task completion</p>	
Course description	
<p>Function and structure of the water supply system, description of the systems and elements. Classification of the systems. Examples of spatial configuration layouts ? system structures. The principles of determining water demand. Planning and programming water supply systems. The sources of water supply for collective water distribution systems. Surface and ground water intakes. Functions and roles performed in the system by water distribution assemblies. The principles of equipment selection and dimensioning. The methods of solving problems associated with hydraulic analysis of water supply systems characterised by various degrees of complexity. The criteria and methods of optimization in the designing of water distribution systems. Materials and reinforcement of water pipelines. Preparations and the consecutive stages of the process of planning and building water supply networks. The methods and materials used in the construction of water supply networks. Operation of water intakes, pumping stations, reservoirs and water networks. Computer-aided designing and operation of water intake and transport systems. Databases and spatial information systems. Computer modelling of systems. The operating principles of water distribution systems. Management of equipment renovation and upgrading. Preventing secondary pollution of water. Standards characterising the level of equipment maintenance in water supply systems.</p> <p>Subject of the project : Programme and spatial concept of a water distribution system.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Calculating the demand for water. 2.Planning the system structure and determining the useful capacity of the holding reservoirs. 3.Dimensioning the diameters of the water mains. 4.Selection of the pumping equipment. 5.Simulation of the operating conditions and evaluation of the designed system. 	
Basic bibliography:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Knapik K.Bajer J. ; Wodociągi . Politechnika Krakowska .2011r. 2. Gabryszewski T.; Wodociągi .Arkady , Warszawa 1983r. 	
Additional bibliography:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mielcarzewicz E.; Obliczanie systemów zaopatrzenia w wodę. Arkady Warszawa 2000 (1 wyd.1977) 2. Wodociągi i Kanalizacja w Polsce tradycja i współczesność. Praca zbiorowa ;PFOZW. Bydgoszcz, Poznań 2002r 	
Result of average student's workload	
Activity	Time (working hours)

1. Attendance at the lectures	28	
2. Participation in project classes	8	
3. Participation in consultations on the project implementation	9	
4. Performance at the project classes (work at home, including installation of the software and learning how to operate it).	60	
5. Preparation for the exam and attendance at the examination session.	20	
Student's workload		
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	105	5
Contact hours	45	3
Practical activities	40	2